



Exploring coda repertoires in two recently separated sperm whale (*Physeter macrocephalus*) social units off Mauritius

Lara Berkenbaum, Pascale Giraudet, François Sarano, Véronique Sarano, Salomé Viethen, Olivier Adam, René Heuzey, Axel Preud'Homme, Hervé Glotin

► To cite this version:

Lara Berkenbaum, Pascale Giraudet, François Sarano, Véronique Sarano, Salomé Viethen, et al.. Exploring coda repertoires in two recently separated sperm whale (*Physeter macrocephalus*) social units off Mauritius. DCLDE 2024 - Passive acoustic monitoring of marine mammals, Jun 2024, Rotterdam, The Netherlands, Netherlands. hal-04937640

HAL Id: hal-04937640

<https://univ-tln.hal.science/hal-04937640v1>

Submitted on 10 Feb 2025

HAL is a multi-disciplinary open access archive for the deposit and dissemination of scientific research documents, whether they are published or not. The documents may come from teaching and research institutions in France or abroad, or from public or private research centers.

L'archive ouverte pluridisciplinaire **HAL**, est destinée au dépôt et à la diffusion de documents scientifiques de niveau recherche, publiés ou non, émanant des établissements d'enseignement et de recherche français ou étrangers, des laboratoires publics ou privés.

Exploring coda repertoires in two recently separated sperm whale (*Physeter macrocephalus*) social units off Mauritius

L. Berkenbaum^{a,b,f}, P. Giraudeau^{a,b,f}, F. Sarano^{b,f}, V. Sarano^{b,f}, S. Viethen^{a,f}, O. Adam^{c,d,f}, R. Heuzey^{b,e,f}, A. Preud'homme^{b,e,f}, H. Glotin^{a,b,f}

a) Univ. de Toulon, Aix Marseille Univ, CNRS, LIS, DYNI team, Marseille, France b) Longitude 181, Valence, France, <https://www.longitude181.org> c) Sorbonne Univ., CNRS, Inst. d'Alembert, Paris, France
d) Univ. Paris-Saclay, CNRS, Inst. des Neurosciences Paris-Saclay, Gif/Yvette, France e) Indian Ocean Marine Life Foundation, Mauritius f) CIAN, Centre Int. d'IA en Acoustique Naturelle, Toulon, France, <https://cian.univ-tln.fr>.

lara.berkenbaum@lis-lab.fr, glotin@univ-tln.fr, giraudeau@univ-tln.fr, olivier.adam@sorbonne-universite.fr, saranofrancois@gmail.com

Introduction

Coda

Series of clicks produced by sperm whales with stereotyped timings specific to a vocal clan, related to communication and social bonds^[1].

Context

- Since 2008, 8-click codas are most recorded off Mauritius^[2].
- The Irène Gueule Tordue (IGT) sperm whale social group, studied from 2013, most frequently emits codas of the “2+1+1+1+1+1+1” type^[3, 4, 5, 6].
- As of 2017, the IGT group splits into 2 subgroups: Irène's and Vanessa' social units.

Objectives

- Compare the repertoire of codas recorded in 2023 within the two social units.
- Compare coda duration and inter-click intervals in the “2+1+1+1+1+1+1+1” coda.



© René Heuzey

Preliminary Results

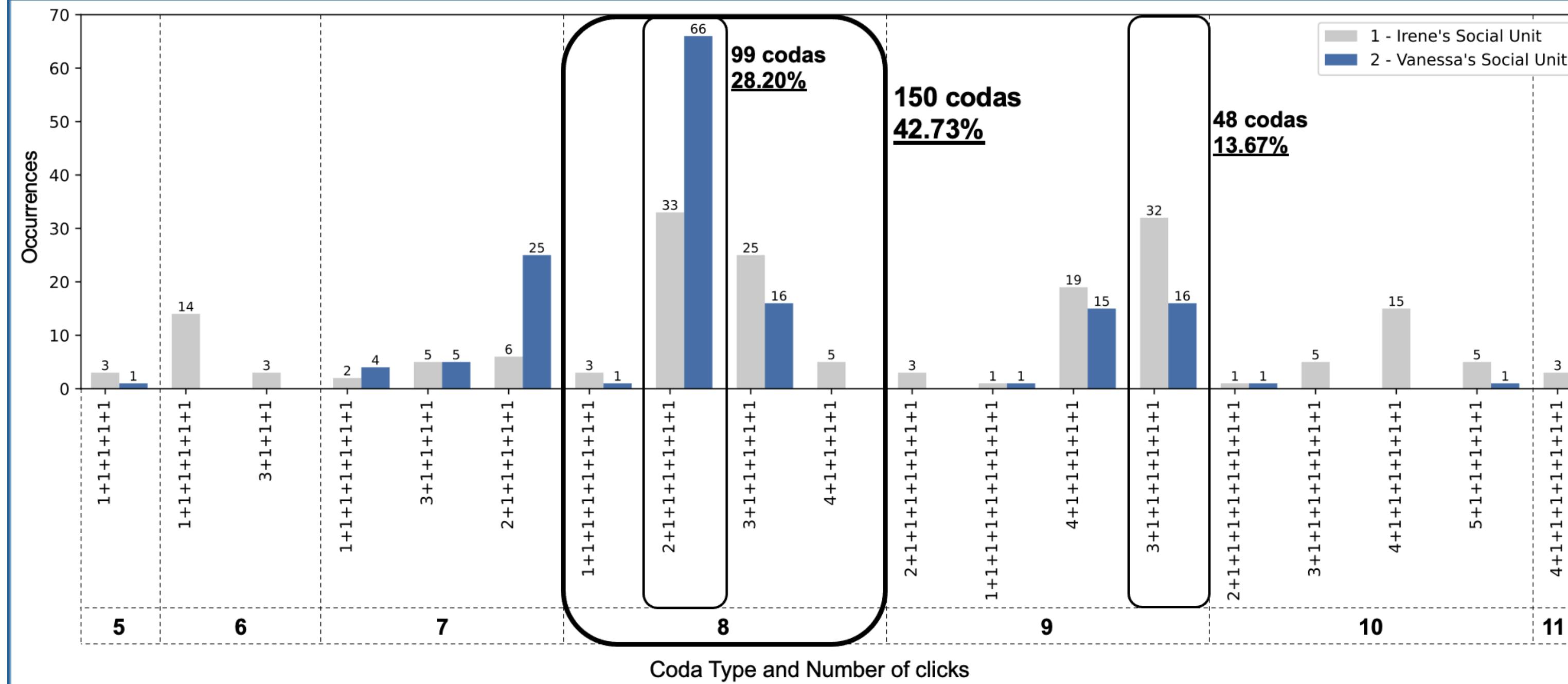


Fig. 2: Histogram representing similarities and differences in the coda repertoire of Irène's ($n = 196$ codas) and Vanessa's ($n = 155$ codas) social units by coda type, number of clicks and occurrences. Codas with occurrence < 2 in the dataset were excluded ($n = 16$).

Coda Types

- Identified codas: 35 types, 5 to 14 clicks.
- In common: 12 types.

① Irène's Social Unit

- Total Coda Types: 32.
- Most frequent codas and types:
8-click ($n=66$) and **9-click** codas ($n=56$)
2+1+1+1+1+1+1 and **3+1+1+1+1+1+1**.

Repertoires comparison

- Coda types: significant difference.
- Number of clicks per coda: no significant difference.

② Vanessa's Social Unit

- Total Coda Types: 15.
- Most frequent codas and types:
8-click ($n=84$) and **9-click** codas ($n=32$)
2+1+1+1+1+1+1 and **2+1+1+1+1+1+1**.

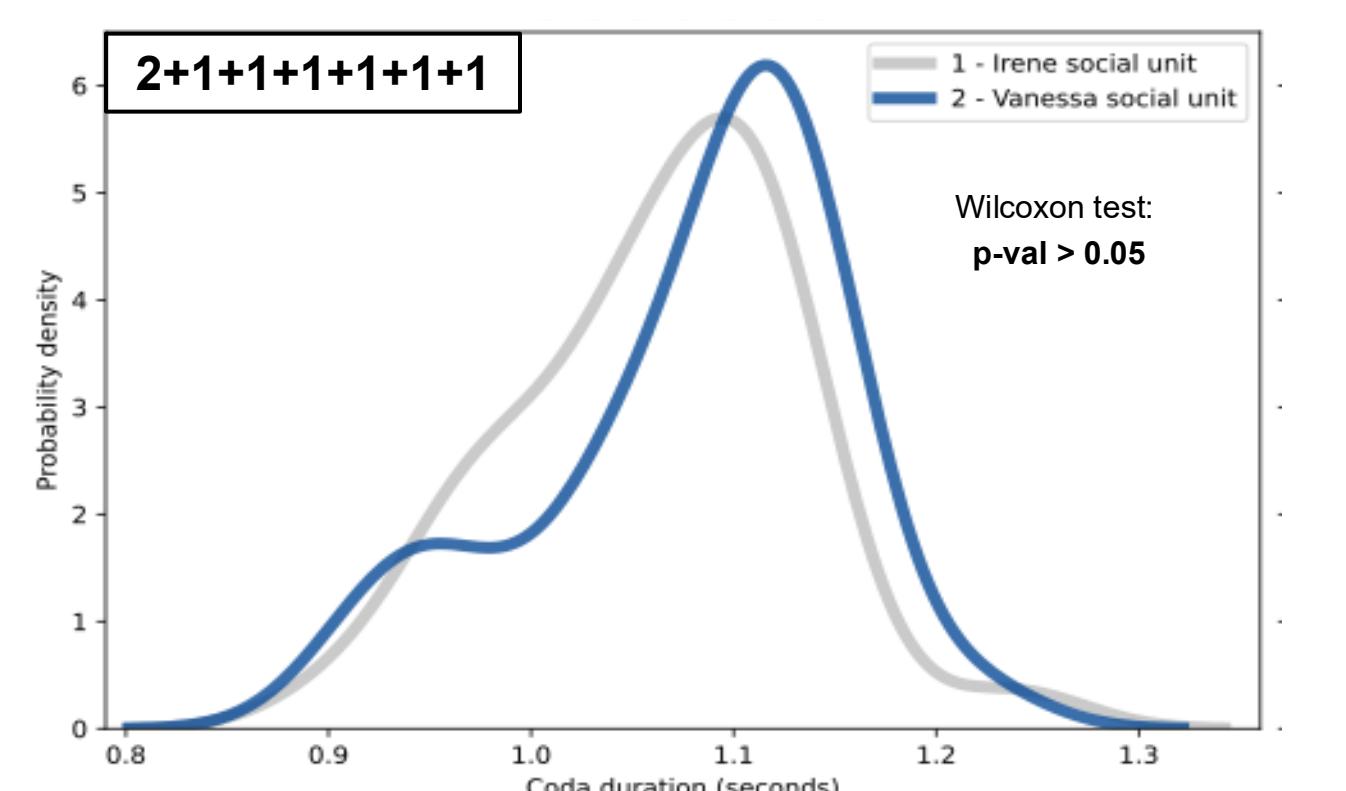


Fig. 3: Kernel Density Estimate plot to visualise the distribution of codas by their total duration.

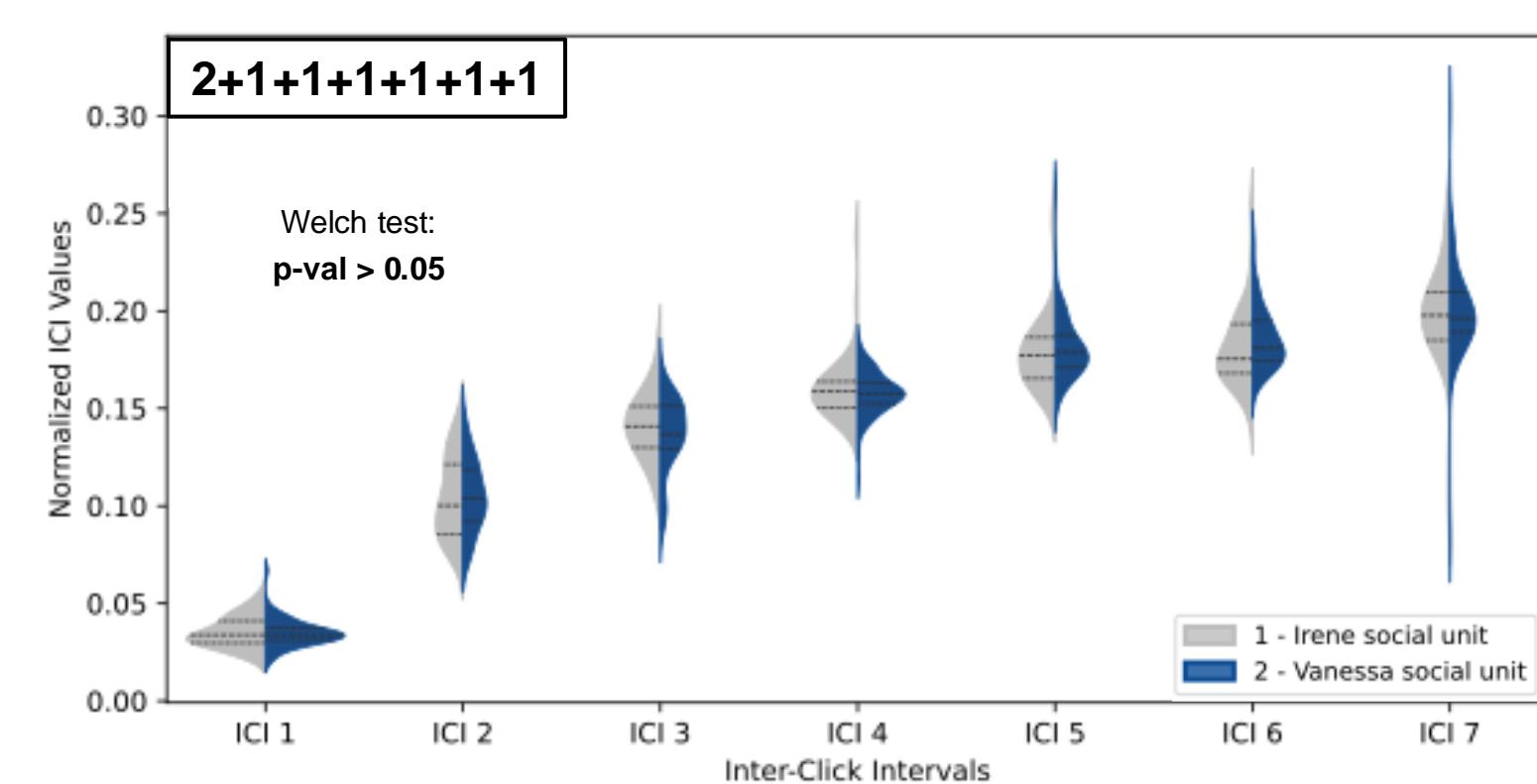
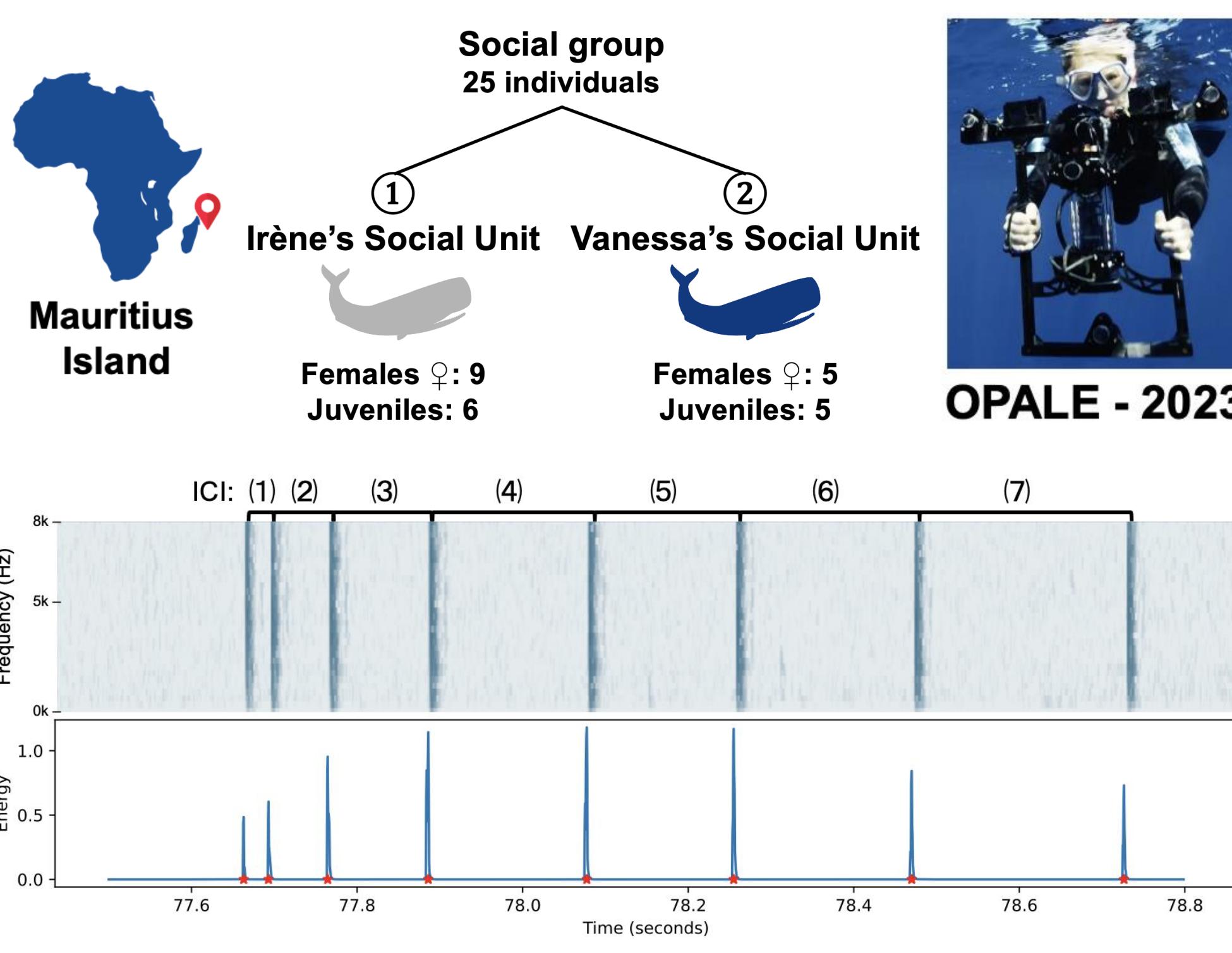


Fig. 4: Violin plot comparing the distribution of normalized intervals between clicks in social units.

- Duration: 0.89 to 1.24 s.
- No significant difference, unimodal distribution.

- ICI coda normalized by total duration
- No significant difference.

Materials and Methods



- Period: March to June 2023 (20 days).
- 45 audio recordings totalling 1h14min38s.
- 438 codas registered; **351 codas analysed**.
- 19.9% excluded due to detection errors and overlapping codas.

Fig. 1: Example of a coda “2+1+1+1+1+1+1”: frequency and energy with click detection (red stars: clicks detected).

- Opportunistic passive underwater observations conducted by Longitude 181^[4].
- Collection of high-definition acoustic data sets using OPALE acoustic array^[7].
- Manual coda annotation and automatic energy-based click detection (fig. 1).
- Statistical tests to compare the two social units: Shapiro-Wilk (normality), Mann-Whitney-Wilcoxon and Welch's t-test. **Significant if p-value < 0.05**.

Discussion

- Greater diversity of coda types in Irène's social unit: Richer communication? Composition of social unit? Irène social unit with more adult females and two newborns.
- Distinct coda types: communication divergences in social units?

- Potential bias:
- More codas in Irène's social unit.
 - Analysis period limited to 2023.
 - Individual variability and behavioral context not yet explored.

Conclusion and Perspectives

Further research: confirm hypotheses and explore underlying causes of similarities and differences, to better understand the social dynamics and communication strategies of sperm whales.

- Compare coda repertoires before, during, after the split of IGT social group.
- Integrate behavioral data.
- Identify individual variability using age, sex, family link^[3,4,5], inter-pulse intervals and speaker identification with OPALE^[7].

Classify all codas, compare the underlying combinatorial structures^[8] (such as coda duration and normalized ICI values) and correlate them with behaviors to identify patterns and analyze vocal “conversations” (fig. 5).

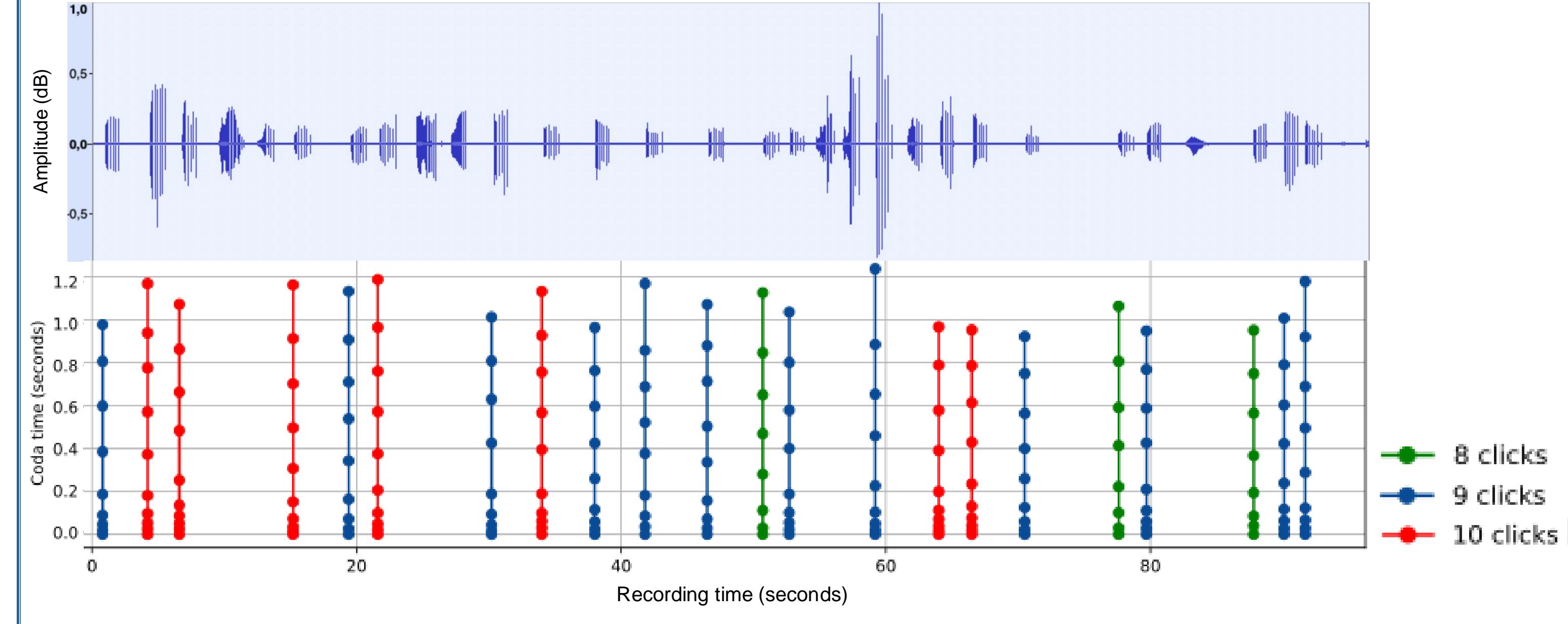


Fig. 5: Spectrogram and representation of codas in a “conversation” with multiple individuals in Irène's social unit. Duration: 1min 36s; Number of codas: 22; Vertical lines = one coda; Dots = clicks.

Acknowledgments

We thank Longitude 181 and Label Bleu productions. This study was conducted under the official authorization of the Mauritius Authority. We thank SMIOt, V. Gies and V. Barchasz for their help in the OPALE recorder. Fieldwork, video recording, and data analysis were granted by the NGOs, Longitude 181 and ‘Un Océan de Vie’. Mauritian public authorities greatly helped the project “La Voix des cachalots”, in particular the Mauritian Prime Minister's Office, the Marine Continental Shelf Exploration and Administration (MCSEA; Dr. Réza Badal and his team), the AFRC (Chief Scientific Officer Mr. Satish Kadhum), the MFDC (Mr. Sachin Jootun and Miss Eliana Timol), and the Tourism Authority (TA; Miss Khoudijah Boodoo, Director). We thank Navin Boodhoo for his valuable participation in the fieldwork. H.G. received the ANR AID grants AI Chair in bioacoustics ANR-20-CHIA-0014 and ULPCochlea ANR-21-CE04-0020, for hardware and analysis, localisation of cetacean communication.

References

- Weilgart, L., and Whitehead, H., 1993. Coda communication by sperm whales off the Galapagos Islands. *Can. J. Zool.* 71.
- Huijser, L. A. E. and al., 2019. Vocal repertoires and insights into social structure of sperm whales (*Physeter macrocephalus*) in Mauritius, southwestern Indian Ocean. *Marine Mammal Science*, 36(2), pp. 638–657.
- Girardet, J. and al., 2022. New Insights Into Genetic Diversity, Kin Relationships and Social Fidelity of Indian Ocean Male Sperm Whales.
- Sarano, V. and al., 2022. Underwater photo-identification of sperm whales off Mauritius. *Marine Biology Research*.
- Sarano, F. and al., 2023. La Voix des Cachalots, programme recherche Longitude 181.
- Berkenbaum, L., 2021. *Étude étho-acoustique d'un groupe social de cachalots résident de l'île Maurice (Océan Indien)* [University of Liege].
- Glotin, H., and al., DCLDE 2024. OPALE: a super resolution audiovisual mobile antenna for cetacean ethoacoustical researches.
- Sharma, P. and al., 2024. Contextual and Combinatorial Structure in Sperm Whale Vocalisations. *Nat Commun* 15, 3617.